

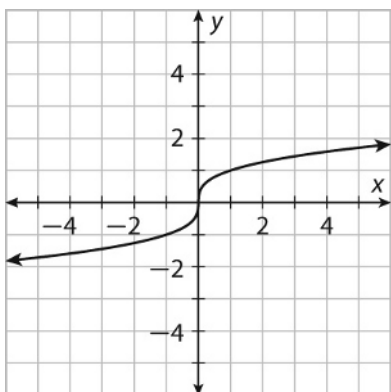
**LESSON**  
**10-3**

# Graphing Cube Root Functions

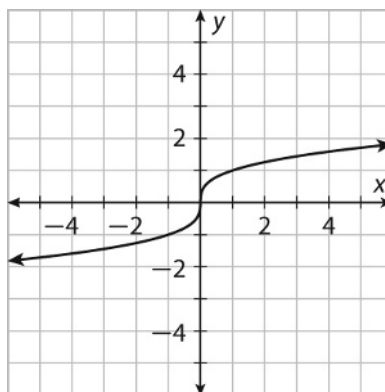
## Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

Graph each cube root function. Then describe the graph as a transformation of the graph of the parent function. (The graph of the parent function is shown.)

1.  $g(x) = \sqrt[3]{x-3} + 2$

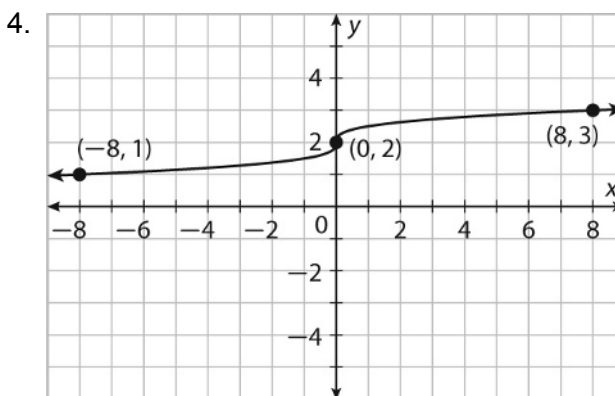
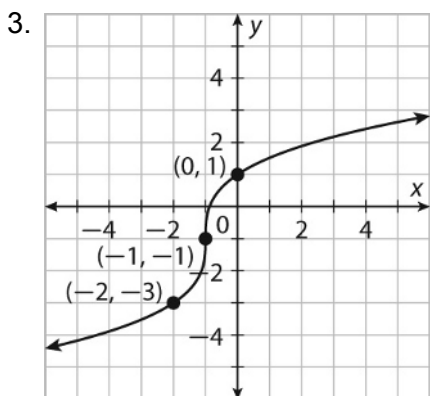


2.  $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[3]{x+2} - 3$



Write the equation of the cube root function shown on the graph.

Use the form  $g(x) = a\sqrt[3]{x-h} + k$ .



Write an equation,  $g(x)$ , for the transformation equation described.

5. The graph of  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$  is reflected across the  $y$ -axis and then translated 4 units down and 12 units to the left.

6. The graph of  $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$  is stretched vertically by a factor of 8, reflected across the  $x$ -axis, and then translated 11 units to the right.